Morning Oregonian.

VOL. . L.—NO. 6257 PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY, MAY 6 [illegible] PRICE—TEN CENTS.

THE EASTERN STATES.

New York Papers on the Brink of the Deadlock.

A STORY ABOUT CARL SCHURZ AND THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

A Boom in the New York Stock Market—Two Railroad Dividends in Texas, etc.

NEW YORK, May 5.—[illegible]

[illegible] Times [illegible] Tribune [illegible] Sun [illegible] Herald [illegible] World [illegible] Mail and Express [illegible] Commercial Advertiser [illegible] Evening Post [illegible] Journal of Commerce [illegible] Star [illegible] Staats Zeitung [illegible] Handelsblatt [illegible] Abendpost [illegible] Volks Zeitung [illegible] Arbeiter Zeitung [illegible] Telegraph [illegible] Courier des Etats Unis [illegible] Courier des Etats Unis [illegible] Revue de Deux Mondes [illegible] Figaro [illegible] Gaulois [illegible] Petit Journal [illegible] Petit Parisien [illegible] Soleil [illegible] Paris [illegible] Univers [illegible] Monde [illegible] Liberte [illegible] Ordre [illegible] Temps [illegible] Debats [illegible] Republique Francaise [illegible] Lanterne [illegible] Justice [illegible] Rappel [illegible] Intransigeant [illegible] Petite Republique [illegible] Petite Presse [illegible] Petite Journal

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY [illegible], 1881.

THE TREATIES RATIFIED.

There is at present so much demand for labor on the Pacific slope that the presence of Chinese excites less popular opposition now than for a long time back. No person now who wants to work seeks employment in vain. It is railroad building chiefly that causes this unusual demand for labor. All classes of laborers, white and Chinese, who can be engaged for work, are eagerly sought. From San Francisco and Portland all Chinese laborers have been drawn away, and thousands more are wanted. Scattered so widely as they now are the presence of the Chinese is not so much noticed, and as there is at present work for everybody, their competition is not felt. Hence there is at this time less agitation of the question and less opposition to assert that the Chinese must go, than at any period for many years. As a consequence there is not now so much interest in the ratification of the treaty for restriction of Chinese immigration as there would have been even a year or two ago. But the demand for railroad labor will not continue long at the present rate. In a couple of years the heavy of railroad building will probably be over, and then the Chinese will be back again in the towns, where their concentration will revive the old opposition. Start anew the remonstrance against their presence, and the question upon the old organization" in all its familiar forms.

For these and other reasons we are glad that the senate has ratified the treaty which permits our government to restrict the immigration of Chinese. It is hardly probable that congress will permit a single session to pass by without enactment of measures to make the restriction effective. Although the Chinese now in the United States are not to be required to depart, or otherwise disturbed, yet any moderately restrictive measure will prevent the increase of their numbers among us; and should congress totally suspend the immigration of Chinese laborers, as it may under the new treaty, their numbers will rapidly diminish by death, and by return to their own country.

This treaty contains only four sections. The first section provides, in substance, that whenever, in the judgment of this country Chinese immigration shall affect its interests injuriously, our government may regulate, limit or suspend such immigration, but that such restrictions shall be reasonable and shall apply only to Chinese who may come to the United States as laborers, meaning, of course, the coolies, other classes not being included. The second section provides that Chinese subjects, whether they come to the United States as teachers, students, merchants, or from curiosity, together with body or bona fide servants and Chinese laborers now resident here, shall be allowed to go and come of their own free will, and shall be accorded all rights privileges, immunities and exemptions which are accorded to citizens and subjects of the most favored nations. The third provides that the United States government shall protect all Chinamen, either permanently or temporarily residing here from maltreatment. And the last provides that when our government shall have adopted legislative measures in accordance with the treaty, they shall be communicated to the Chinese government, and if they work any hardship upon the Chinese, then such hardship shall be considered by the representatives of the two governments with a view to its removal. The sum of the treaty simply is that the United States may at any time restrict or stop the immigration of Chinese laborers, but shall afford protection and guarantee just treatment to all Chinese who may be in the country.

It will hardly be necessary for the Pacific States to go into hysterics in their demand upon the action of a congress pledged to carry into effect the restriction which the treaty concedes. Members of both parties in congress, ever on the alert to catch the popular gale, will pretty certainly show alacrity enough in providing the legislation necessary to enforce the restriction.

A DISCREDITABLE EPISODE.

What the republicans of the senate ought to have done two months ago they have been forced to do at last. Abandoning Gorham and Biddleberger they have finally permitted the senate to proceed with executive business. Transaction of executive business is the sole object for which the session was called, and there was no occasion for attempting anything beyond it. The entanglement with Mahone was as unnecessary as unwise. Political bargaining is always odious. It has taken many weeks for the republican members of the senate to perceive what the country perceived from the first, that this intrigue with Mahone for the furtherance of a scheme for the benefit of Gorham, and planned with Gorham's habitual and characteristic disregard of the moralities of politics, could be creditable neither to the senate nor to the republican party. It is hard to say whether the republican party, by the action of its representatives, was ever made to appear so small before.

From the first it has been apparent that retreat from an untenable position would be necessary. Hence there has been no end in persisting in a blunder. Success could not attend the effort, and the best way was to back out of it. This ought to have been done long ago. Narrow partisanship never made the republican party appear at such a disadvantage. Its representatives in the senate have been contending for a few small offices with as much earnestness as if the existence of the party depended on the issue; and in accepting Mahone as their ally, in making themselves his champions, and in trying to pledge the patronage and power of the administration to his support, they became identified in the public mind with the atrocious financial programme which he represents—a programme which repudiates one-third of the debt of Virginia without any rational pretext or scruple, and which, if adopted or encouraged by the republican party, commends the doctrine of financial repudiation which that party has heretofore opposed with approval of the country, in every form.

The strength of the republican party stands on other foundations than those of intrigue, chicane, bargains, and the whole train of methods by which professional jobbers in politics, of whom Gorham is a conspicuous example, attempt to promote their personal interests at the expense of the reputation and honor of a party. When it can stand on nothing higher than has been presented in this miserable squabble of the last two months at Washington its days will be numbered and its kingdom at an end. If the country forgives it this discreditable episode it will be mainly because, as heretofore, it can have no confidence in better things from the democratic party.

The chief of the ordnance bureau of the war department has recommended that the bayonet be abandoned as an ineffective and even useless weapon. This recommendation is in the line of recent action taken by France and Germany, which have decided to let both the bayonet and the sabre go; the former as a clumsy, heavy and useless addition to a breech-loading rifle, and the latter as a mere ornament, needless in modern warfare and only in the way. Bayonet charges sound well in poetry, but they are always been rare, and since long-range rifles came into use are rarer still. In the last Franco-German war wounds by bayonet and sabre were almost unknown. Modern experience finds these weapons not only useless for actual use, but a needless load to the soldier. The French also have abolished drums and fifes, and only one band to a division is allowed.

The Cleveland Leader states that a movement is on foot at Washington for the simplification of assistant secretary French of the treasury, on account of his refusal to reverse the decisions of Secretary Sherman on appeals caused by the protection among clerks in the custom house. It is demanded that some person be put in that office who will decide that an informer is a public enemy who has no rights which a public officer shall respect or recognize. Congress makes the law, and the treasury officers and the courts decide all questions arising under the law. Secretary Sherman, who has never been suspected of being a free trader, was compelled to decide several questions adversely to the protected monopolists, and the baffled extortionists are seeking the scalp of his unfortunate deputy.

Owners of railway lines from the Mississippi valley to the Atlantic seaboard are beginning to look with some apprehension on the steady increase of the grain movement down the Mississippi river. Great elevators are under construction at Cairo, Ill., Belmont, Mo., and other terminal points of local railway lines to accommodate this growing traffic. Last year the movement of grain down the river reached 2,500,000,000 bushels. The business is said to be very remunerative, and the fleet for this year is being largely increased. It is believed that the grain movement on the Mississippi the present year will approach 1,000,000,000 bushels. Last year the entire movement of grain to the Atlantic seaboard was 230,000,000 bushels. Some think that this diversion of the grain traffic to the Mississippi river, which is steadily and surely progressing, will appear for long in depression of the value of trunk line railway shares.

The appearance of the pen in the revised New Testament will be quite different from that of the old copies. The verses are numbered, as heretofore, but paragraphs occur only where change of subject requires them. To facilitate reference the numbers of the verses and of the chapters are given in the margin, those of the chapters being distinguished by larger and blacker type. This will be a novelty, perhaps an unpleasant one, to many devout searchers of the scriptures, yet both chapter and verse are comparatively modern innovations. Another change and a good one is the printing of quotations from the poetical parts of the older scriptures as poetry and not as prose.

Since the decision of the supreme court holding the town trustees of East Portland to personal liability for damages resulting from bad streets there is no rush to get into the town council over there. But we might slip over to East Portland some dozen or so of municipal statesmen from this side, who are trying to run the affairs of this city. These gentlemen could take all the chances. They could look with an unruffled calmness in the faces of suitors for damages, and, if need be, ask them in a mingled tone of gentlemanly sarcasm and quiet triumph how they proposed to recover.

Senator Blair (republican) of New Hampshire introduced a resolution in the senate the other day declaring that revision of the tariff is demanded by the country. The resolution could not be considered, because Gorham and Biddleberger were before the senate as paramount issues." But the time will come when consideration of the subject "can not be postponed. There are memorials of 20 poll-clerks who agree with Senator Blair as to its importance.

Senate proceedings, as criticised by the Chicago Times: "Senate met. Pray'r by chaplain (probably wanted). Such senators as were not present were present. Motion to go into executive session lost. Vice president announced in order the consideration of the floor resolution to proceed to the election of Mr. Mahone's Virginia friend. Disagreed to. Ten hours. Senate adjourned."

It is very probable, indeed certain, that in many of the cases where mail routes were suppressed and the pay increased one-fifth or one-fold, the extra service contracted and paid for was not performed. One particular instance is that of the Oregon and California overland route, where $50,000 a year is being been paid for extra service, which notoriously was never rendered.

The acceptance of the plan of the Vienna syndicate at Frankfort yesterday for reorganization of the Oregon and California Railroad Company is an important matter for Oregon, the more so from the fact that the plan is understood to include the purpose of extending the road south of Roseburg.

Dorsey is about to write another letter in defense of himself in the matter of the star route frauds. He and Brady would do well to sail aside and enjoy their vast "earnings" as quietly as possible.

NEW TO-DAY.

CLINTON DAY, ARCHITECT,
Temporary Office—Corner Fourth and Oak Streets.

CHARLES B. CURTIS WILL FIND A PAIR OF Blankets and other articles of value on calling at this office. 10tf

FOR SALE.
A LOT OF PLYMOUTH ROCK CHICKENS AT the pairs Eggs $1.50 per dozen. Apply to JOHN MAXWELL, S. W. cor. Tenth and College. m4tf1

NEW BUGGY FOR SALE.
AN ELEGANT NEW TOP BUGGY, FIRST-CLASS in every respect, for sale low; also, a stout four-spring wagon, with top. Inquire of E. J. NORTHRUP & CO. m5d6t6w

LECTURE.
MRS. E. D'ARCY WILL LECTURE SUNDAY evening, at Liberty Hall, No. 98 First street, subject, "Evidences of Christianity," to be followed on the following Sunday evening by HON. O. C. MASON. Seats free. m6d2t

COLUMBIA BICYCLE
FOR SALE CHEAP—54-INCH WHEEL, IAN-hast, new ball-bearing saddle, almost new. Apply to HODGE, DAVIS & CO., 92 Front street, Portland, Oregon. m4d6t

WANTED.
A YOUNG LADY THAT LIVES WITH HER parents, to sales lady in a candy store. Inquire at Turn Halle Candy Store, N. E. corner Fourth and Yamhill streets. 11

FOUND.
A LADY'S PARASOL WAS LEFT AT OUR STORE last week, which the owner can have on proving property and paying for this advertisement.
11 VOSS & FUHR, Empire Bakery.

THE OWNERS OF RIVER BOATS WILLING to run between this city and the White Houses, to Fish Hand League Pipple, on Sunday, the 29th, will please send in their sailing rates per day and number of crew, to R. D. PITT, New Market Block. 11

I. O. O. F.
A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE ODD FELLOWS' Library Association will be held at Odd Fellows Hall, on Saturday, May 7, at 7:30 o'clock, P. M., for business of importance. A full attendance is requested. By order of the President.
WM. J. SHIPLEY, R. Sec.

PLANER FOR SALE.
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE A second-hand Wood Planing and Matching Machine, in perfect order. Said machine is nearly new, and will dress about 1,000 feet per hour, flooring and rustic, and will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars inquire of or address THEO. F. KAPPLER, Brownsville, Oregon. m6-8

A GRAND INVITATION BALL
TO BE GIVEN
AT THE COTTAGE,
North Portland, Friday Evening, May 6, 1881.
ALL ARE INVITED. 6

STOCK HOLDERS' MEETING.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK holders of the Portland Mercantile Fair, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, also to take action upon the resolution of the Board of Directors recommending an increase of the capital stock of the corporation to $40,000, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the Merchants' Pavilion, Portland, Oregon, on the 11th day of May, 1881, at 7:30 o'clock P. M. H. HOLMES, Sec'y.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting under the firm name of Breyman & Farrar, in the city of Portland, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All the liabilities of the firm are assumed and will be paid by E. A. Breyman, who is hereby authorized to receive all debts due to the late firm.
Portland, May 5th. E. A. BREYMAN.
J. P. FARRAR.

Referring to the above notice of dissolution, the business will be continued at the same place, and in the manner, by the undersigned, who solicits a continuance of the patronage extended to the old firm.
Respectfully, E. A. BREYMAN.
m5d6t

HODGE, DAVIS & CO.
Have Just Received
300 gross CARPENTERS' CHALK
And CHALK CRAYONS.

Interior Warehousemen and Millmen Meeting.

An adjourned meeting will be held in this city May 16th. One representative from each interior warehouse, and one from each interior flour mill, is requested to attend, as business of importance will be transacted.

B. J. PLUNGA, Chairman.
J. R. FARISH, Secretary. m5d2t

NEW MARKET THEATER.
[illegible] PROPRIETOR.
SIX NIGHTS MORE!
COMMENCING MONDAY, MAY 9.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.
EVERYTH NG NEW AND SPARKLING.
NEW SONGS, NEW ACTS, NEW JOKES.
SEE THE
GREAT WELL & LADDER ACT
BY THE
Big 4,
ENTITLED
WONDERS!
Grand Parade Saturday Afternoon.
FUN ON AN EMIGRANT CAR.
Reserved Seats at D. W. Prentiss's, with no extra charge. S. HEPPNER, Business Manager.
SIMON GUNSE, Manager.

Millinery
FOR ALL!

P. E. BRIGHAM,
Has Just Received the Largest Assortment of
HATS AND BONNETS,
Flowers, Feathers and Ornaments,
OF
THE VERY LATEST STYLES.
A Fresh Supply of
PATTERN HATS AND BONNETS
Direct from the Importers.
SUN HATS..... 20c each
BOYS' TRIMMED SAILORS..87½ each
P. E. BRIGHAM,
NEXT TO LADD & TILTON'S BANK,
103 FIRST ST.

BUY
SASH,
DOORS,
AND
BLINDS,
OF
DELANO, FAYLE & PAULSON,
Corner Front and Taylor Streets.
Estimates for Mill Work furnished. m5d6t

DIME SOCIAL
AT
THE BAPTIST CHURCH
ON
FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 6.
International Medley.

Something Grand and Novel.

COLUMBIA RIVER SCENERY!
CASCADE SUNSET, and
MOONLIGHT EXCURSION!
ON SATURDAY NEXT, 7th INSTANT.
Fare for the Trip..... $1 00
Children under 12 years..... 50

STANDARD GRAIN BAGS.
DIRECT IMPORTATION.
We will sell in lots to suit
Hand-Sewed Calcutta Grain Bags,
22x36, to burlap corn, prices, delivered either at Portland or San Francisco, for June, July or August delivery. Sizes and quality guaranteed.
J. R. FARISH, Agent
Interior Merchants' Agency,
m5d6t-w2d Portland, Oregon.

DRY GOODS—CLOTHING.

SPRING, 1881.
[illegible] & [illegible]
Have Just Received and are now showing a
Large & Complete Stock
OF
NEW SPRING GOODS!
HANDSOME LINES OF
DRESS GOODS,
20c and 25c per yard.
Black and Colored Cashmeres
In New Shades, all wool, 50c per yd.
NEW Brocaded Silks and Satins,
NEW Ladies and Children's Hosiery,
NEW Laces, Ruching, Ribbons,
NEW Fringes, Gimps and Buttons,
NEW Collars and Cuffs,
NEW Ties and Boys,
NEW Summer Shades in Kid Gloves, 50c a pair and upward.
The Best Dollar Corset
In White and Colors, in the city.
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
Hamburg Embroideries,
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
Gents' Furnishing Goods.
J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,
221 First St., cor. Salmon.

NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON

NOW AT
MEUSSDORFFER'S

NEW MARKET THEATER.
SECOND
ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
OLYMPIC CLUB!
FRIDAY & SATURDAY EVENS.
May 6th and 7th, and
SATURDAY MATINEE.
PROGRAMME.
PART I.
[illegible]
PART II.
[illegible]
Admission..... $1 00 Gallery..... 50c
Reserved Seats may be secured at D. W. Prentiss's, without extra charge. No Sheet open Wednesday, May 4th. m4d6t

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.
MILLINERY!
MRS. G. H. CLARKE
Is Corner Fourth and Columbia Sts.,
Has opened a large stock of
FRENCH IMPORTED BONNETS, HATS,
AND
Millinery Goods of Every Description,
Purchased on anything heard for the ladies of Portland.

NOTICE.
Having made arrangements to go into WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING exclusively, I now offer my entire stock of
Cloaks, Dolmans, Underwear, Etc.
on hand BELOW COST till May 15.
Come and secure Bargains.
J. H. STEIN, 310 First St.,
m5-6t Between Taylor and Salmon

The Best Place in Portland to buy
STYLISH
Boots, Shoes & Slippers
At Low Prices.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING.
[illegible]
Call and Examine My Work.

CORBITT & MACLEAY
Offer for sale in lots to suit Trade, ex "Pantheon," from Liverpool,
Allsopp Cole I. C. Pale Platers.
Patterson's Charrwood C. C. Pale Platers.
Fine Oats.
Fine Barley.
Crosse & Blackwell's Chow-chow.
do Pickling.
do Mixed Pickles.
Salt Soda.
Bi-Carbonate of Soda.
Portland Cement.
Blood, Wolfe & Co's Porter.
Liverpool Fine Salt, 224 lb bags
do do
Pig Iron.
Ex "BORROWDALE," from CALCUTTA.
500,000 Standard Wheat Sacks.
5,000 Wool Sacks.
Ex. Ss. "California," from San Juan Island.
1,000 bbls. Original San Juan Lime, which we offer at $1 87½ per bbl.
Wholesale Agents for this well known and popular brand.
Ex Recent Arrivals:
Martell's Brandy in cases, [illegible] and three star.
Geneva Gin, red and green cases.
English Malt Vinegar. m5d6t-w2d

GO TO
SEALY, MASON & CO.
FOR
Pure Mocha, Java, Costa Rica and Rio
COFFEES,
Roasted Fresh Every Day on the premises and ground to order.
ALSO
A full line of Staple and Fancy
GROCERIES
IN STORE.
167 First St., bet. Morrison and Yamhill, PORTLAND.

SUMMER RESORTS.
BAY VIEW SUMMER HOTEL!
Baker's Bay, Pacific County, W. T.
NOW OPEN FOR VISITORS. RE-PAINTED AND thoroughly renovated, and is now the most delightful place on the coast. Table abundantly supplied with Clams and Oysters, direct from the bay daily, excepting Wednesdays and Thursdays, when none. POMEROY & CO., Proprs.

FINANCIAL.
$15,000 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL property in Sellwood, at 10 per cent. No commission. Address P. W. L., Oregonian Office. m4d2t

$2000 TO $3000
TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE, FOR five years. TERRY & WHITE, 8 Chamber street.

MONEY TO LOAN.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO loan on approved city and suburban real estate security, in sums to suit, at the lowest possible rates. DOLPH, MALLY & CAMPBELL, Attorneys at Law, No. 15 Dekum street, Portland, Oregon. m5-6tf

BANKING HOUSE
OF
HENRY CLEWS & CO.
18 Nassau Street, New York.
(NEXT DOOR TO THE STOCK EXCHANGE.)
Securities bought and sold strictly on commission, and carried as long as required, on favorable terms and on a moderate margin. Deposits payable on demand received. Four per cent. interest allowed on daily balances. Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange. m5d1m-TuTh

FIFTY BOYS WANTED
Between 16 and 20 years old,
TO LEARN STOVE-PLATE MOLDING.
Apply to
OREGON STOVE FOUNDRY,
241 and 246 Front St. m5tf

LAND PLASTER.
NOW IS THE TIME TO SOW IT.
A GOOD SUPPLY AT
EVERDING & FARRELL'S.

H. P. GREGORY & CO.,
43 Front Street,
Are Sole Agents for the
SPIDER HOSE,
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1881.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Mesmerisms and other wonderful feats of the Hindu magicians, Professor Hermann and Kellar, will be the attraction at the Opera-house this evening. The performances recently given in New York have created a great sensation, and the audiences nightly appreciated the marvelous skill displayed. Tickets are on sale at the box office.

GIVING WHARFINGERS POWER

To Regulate the Mooring of Vessels at Docks in this City.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

THURSDAY, May 5, 1881.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

NICOLL, THE TAILOR.

His Traveling Agent at the Esmond.

COMMITTEE MEETING.

PERSONAL.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

COUNTY FINANCES.

LETTING STREET CONTRACTS.

An Astonished Crowd at the City Auditor's Office Wednesday Afternoon.

SHIPPING NOTES.

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

TO SECURE PROTECTION

From the Dangers attending the Handling of Gunpowder, Dynamite and Kindred Explosives.

ANSWERS TO NUMEROUS QUESTIONS.

AFTER THIRTY-TWO YEARS.

FASHION NOTES.

NEWS NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

THE NORTHWEST.

Eastern Oregon.

Western Oregon.

Washington Territory.

MILITARY AND PERSONAL.

MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

NEW PRICE LIST

For This Week.

100 dozen Rogers Bros. Table Knives	$2 00 per set
100 dozen Rogers Bros. Table Spoons	3 00 per set
100 dozen Rogers Bros. Table Forks	3 00 per set
100 dozen Rogers Bros. Tea Spoons	1 50 per set
100 dozen Ivory Napkin Rings	75 per set
1000 CROQUET SETS	1 00 each
1000 CROQUET SETS, hard maple	2 00 each
500 Japanese Trays, from	10 up
1000 Japanese Fans, from	10 up
3500 Bread Boats	50 each
3500 Embroidered School Bags	50 each
75 Base Balls	10 up
2000 Plated Butter Dishes	1 00 each
2000 Plated Pickle Casters	1 00 each

Just Received,

35 CASES

BABY CARRIAGES

In addition to our already large stock on hand, making the assortment the BEST and largest ever displayed to the public on this coast.

We have convinced all who have already priced our

Crockery and Glassware

That we can compete with San Francisco's lowest prices, and are far below Portland's.

Be sure and see our

EXTENSION LIBRARY CHANDELIER

With LARGE PORCELAIN SHADE, for $3.00.

AT

Jewelry. Diamonds.

Received by last steamer, direct from New York, a Beautiful Stock of the

LATEST DESIGNS OF JEWELRY IN EAR-RINGS, SHAWL PINS, SCARF-PINS, ETC.

Also, NEWEST PATTERNS OF DIAMOND MOUNTINGS.

J. VAN BEURDEN,

107 FIRST STREET.

Third & Alder. **H. B. LITT.** Third & Alder.

MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT.

The growth of the Ladies' Ready-Made Suit Department for the past two years has been remarkable, and may justly be attributed to the most efficient and thorough manner in which it have executed all orders entrusted to me. A Lady can send a postal card from any distant place, state her size, and color of goods, and within one day can have

An All-Wool Black or Colored Dress for from $15 to $30.

And when not acquainted with me, has the privilege of examing the Dress ordered. No amount of money is required, as is the custom with New York houses, which is such a great risk, as many advances have been regretted by Ladies, who waited for two months for a Dress and then were displeased. Ladies, reflect and give me an order.

WALTER BROS., New York. WALTER BROS., San Francisco

WALTER BROS.,

THE LARGEST IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN CARPETS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

Have just received the finest invoice of CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS and PAPER HANGINGS. Also a large and elegant assortment of BUNTING, Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Raw Silks and other Upholstery Goods, all of the Latest and Newest Designs.

WALTER BROS., 85 First St., Portland, Or.

Peruvian Bitters.

(CINCHONA RUBRA.)

THE COUNT CINCHON WAS THE SPANISH Viceroy to Peru in 1638. The Countess, his wife, was prostrated by a pernicious fever, from which she was free only by the use of the native remedy, the PERUVIAN BARK, for, as it was called by the language of the country, "quinquina." Grateful for her recovery, on her return to Europe, in 1663, she introduced the remedy to Spain, where it was known by the various names, as Countess called it Cinchona, in honor of the lady who had brought them that which was more precious than the gold of the Incas. To this day, after a lapse of two hundred and fifty years, science has given us nothing to take its place. It effectually CURES A MORBID APPETITE FOR STIMULANTS by restoring the natural tone of the stomach. It acts excessive love of liquor as it does a fever, and destroys both alike. The power of this virtue of the CINCHONA is present in the

PERUVIAN BITTERS,

Which are as effective against malarial fever to-day as they were in the days of the old Spanish Viceroys.

We guarantee the ingredients of these Bitters to be ABSOLUTELY PURE, and of the best known quality. A trial will satisfy you that this is the BEST BITTER IN THE WORLD. The proof of the pudding is in the eating," and we willingly abide this test.

For sale by all Druggists, Grocers and Liquor Dealers. Order it. ap18MWFawlm

EXTRA SELECTED

EASTERN OYSTERS

Fresh by Every steamer,

SERVED IN ANY STYLE, AT OUR

CONFECTIONERY and OYSTER SALOONS,

145 First Street.

EASTERN OYSTERS 50c

OLYMPIA OYSTERS 25c

ALISKY & HECELE

Chemical Fire Extinguisher

Patented October 19th, 1880.

Chemical, Portable, Effective, Low Priced, Warranted. Catalogue with full description, prices &c. sent free.

LINFORTH, RICE & CO.

Sole Agents for Pacific Coast, 421 Market St., San Francisco.

The Great English Remedy.

Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Paralysis, and all the evils resulting from the effects of Self-Abuse or Indiscretion. It rapidly and effectually CURES A MORBID APPETITE FOR NARCOTICS by restoring the natural tone of the stomach. It acts on excessive love of Liquor as it does a fever, and destroys both alike. The power of this virtue of the CINCHONA is present in the

PERUVIAN BITTERS,

Which are as effective against malarial fever to-day as they were in the days of the old Spanish Viceroys.

We guarantee the ingredients of these Bitters to be ABSOLUTELY PURE, and of the best known quality. A trial will satisfy you that this is the BEST BITTER IN THE WORLD. The proof of the pudding is in the eating," and we willingly abide this test.

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SPRING : : : : : : : 1881

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Direct from the East, a large Consignment of

TABLE LINENS,
TOWELS, NAPKINS,
BLK. & COL'D CASHMERES,
NOMIE CLOTHS,
SHOODAS,
PLAID AND FANCY DRESS GOODS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Also a full line

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,

GLOVES, etc., etc.,

Which will be sold at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

Table Linen from 25c per yd upward.
Towels, from 75c per dozen.
Table Napkins from 40c per doz upward.
Honeycomb Bedspreads from 50c upward.

Black Satin DeLyon $1 25 per yard.
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Black Satin from 50c to $1 25 per yard, Worth Double.
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All-Wool French Momie Cloth, 48 inches wide, 75c per yard.
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Lenox Suitings, solid colors, 8c per yard.
Biarritz Suiting, 12c per yard.

Ladies' Solid Colored Stockings, 12c pair.
Ladies' Fine Striped Stockings 10c pair
Ladies' Fine Emb. Balbriggan, plain and colored, 25c per pair.

Children's Solid Colors, 8c per pair.
Children's Striped, 8c per pair.
Children's Fancy Striped from 10c to 25.

Perrin Freres Kid Gloves, warranted, 75c
Ladies' and Children's Lisle Thread Gloves from 10c per pair up.
Full line of White Lace Ties from 15c up.

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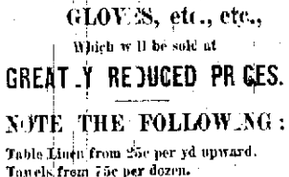

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To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that all persons found infringing on the rights secured to the undersigned by the above patents will be dealt with according to law. Any information leading to the detection of infringers will be liberally rewarded.

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50 doz. New Style White Vests at $1 25. New Style Percale Shirts at 75c, $1, $1 25 to $2 50. New Neckwear, Collars, and Cuffs, Fancy Underwear, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, and our stock of Clothing and Hats is larger and better selected than ever.

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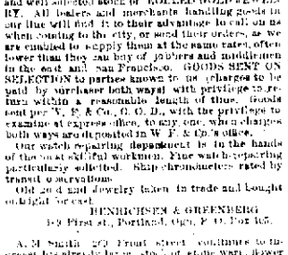

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Proprietor of the Oregon Brass Works.

Brass and Bell Founder and Machinist,

Manufacturer of composition castings, oilers, gongs, steam whistles, nozzles, etc. Particular attention paid to all kinds of repairing. Highest price paid for old copper and brass. 291 Front St., between Columbia and Jefferson.

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Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,

SILVER WARE,

CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1881.

DECISION IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT BY JUDGE DEADY.

U. S. District Court, District of Oregon.

Tuesday, May 3, 1881.

[Long opinion: Thomas F. McNeill et al. vs. the bark Canada, etc., et al. Claimants.]

DEADY, J.

In March, 1880, the ship Canada, of New York, owned by George and John Z. Howes of that place, sailed for this port with a cargo of railway iron, and on account of being compelled to put into Rio de Janeiro for repairs, did not reach her destination until March 4, 1881.

On and prior to the sailing of said vessel, from New York, the Howes were indebted to the libelants, George Cornish and Rufus Hitchcock, of that place, in the sum of $606 for materials furnished and services rendered in repairing said vessel in the years of 1879 and 1880.

On March 3, Thomas F. McNeill et al., composing the crew of the vessel, brought suit against her for their wages, and on April 2, Effingham B. Sutton et al., constituting the firm of Sutton & Co., of New York, intervened for their interest as mortgagees in possession, to secure them against any liability they might incur by reason of having executed three certain notes of said Howes in March and April, 1879, for the sum of $15,431 15, which they were afterwards compelled to pay, and petioned that the proceeds of the vessel remaining after the payment of prior claims, including a balance of $11,759 19 due on a bottomry bond given for the repairs at Rio, and all the proceeds of 9,140 pounds of old copper then on board the vessel and taken off her at Rio and there replaced by new copper, might be applied upon the debt secured by said mortgage.

On March 31, 1881, the libelants commenced an action in the circuit court for the county of Multnomah against said Howes for the recovery of said $606, and upon the same day procured a writ of attachment to issue therein against the property of the defendants therein, upon which writ said copper was duly attached.

At the date of said attachment said copper was stowed in the hold of said vessel, which was in the custody of the marshal of the district upon the warrant issued upon the libel of Thomas F. McNeill et al., aforesaid, and subject thereto, in the possession of said Sutton & Co., as mortgagees, which possession was obtained after the arrival of the vessel here by means of an action of replevin commenced in the circuit court aforesaid, on March 5, 1881, in which no special mention was made of said copper.

In the intervention of Sutton & Co. it is alleged that this old copper was and is included in the mortgage of the vessel and that the same is in their possession on board the ship.

On April 6 the vessel, without the copper, was sold for $26,000 upon an interlocutory decree in the suit of McNeil et al. aforesaid, and on the same day a stipulation was entered into between Cornish & Hitchcock and Sutton & Co., stating the facts aforesaid concerning said copper and that a controversy existed between said parties as to whether or not said metal is included in or is now a part of the mortgaged property, or whether it should be applied upon the claims of said C. & H. by virtue of their attachment," and consenting that said copper might be sold by the marshal, and that the proceeds, less the expenses of sale, should be held subject to the claim of each party, and the right of C. & H. to intervene and assert their claim in this suit.

Upon this stipulation an order was made for the sale of the copper and it was sold by the marshal for $1098 50.

No decided case in point has been found; but I think the question involved in the controversy may be satisfactorily answered by a careful consideration of the circumstances and purpose of the transaction, and a reference to the rules and principles which govern the rights of parties in the case of a mortgage of lands where the mortgagor remains in possession.

A mortgage of land includes everything annexed to the freehold at the date thereof or that may become so annexed during the existence of the mortgage. Winslow v. Merchants' Ins. Co., 4 Met., 310. But a building or growing timber severed and removed from the mortgaged land of which it formed a part when the mortgage was given, is thereby withdrawn from the operation of the mortgage. By reason of such removal they cease to be a part of the realty—the pledge. Buckout v. Swift, 27 Cal., 438.

The right of the mortgagor in possession to cut timber and remove fixtures and dispose of them is unlimited, unless restrained by a court of equity upon the impression that the land will thereby be rendered an insufficient security for the debt. Brady v. Waldron, 2 John. Ch. 148.

When Sutton & Co. took their mortgage upon the Canada, but left her in the possession and use of the mortgagors, they impliedly authorized the latter to make such changes, additions and repairs in her fitment, tackle, apparel and furniture as might be necessary and convenient for her preservation and use as a ship; so that they did not willfully depreciate her value as a security for their debt.

In pursuance of this authority, the Howes might, as mortgagors in possession, remove from time to time every part of this vessel, including her tackle, apparel and furniture, and replace it with new, and dispose of the old and displaced material as their property, unaffected by the mortgage. But in case the old material was not so disposed of and was left on board and passed into the possession of Sutton & Co. when they took possession of the ship, to whom it then would belong would depend on circumstances.

In the consideration of the question I think it may be assumed that in the case of a bona fide repair, particularly where old material is displaced with new of equal or greater value, thus the mortgagor has a right to dispose of the old material as his own.

But where no such disposition is made of it, and it is suffered to remain on board as part of the ship's material, and is capable of being used in some form in the navigation of the vessel, I think the old material would still belong to the ship—remain a part of it—and be the property of the mortgagee in possession.

For instance, if the mortgagor in possession should put a new suit of sails on the vessel and instead of disposing of the old ones should stow them away as suitable material for mending or supplying a rent or lost suit, such old material would remain within the operation of the mortgage and pass to the mortgagee in possession.

Under these circumstances the reasonable inference would be that while the mortgagor had for the safety and convenience of the vessel added to the value of the security by the cost of the new sails (Southworth v. Isham, 3 Sandf., S. C., 91), yet he did not intend to appropriate or convert the old ones from the use of the ship or the operation of the mortgage.

Applying these suggestions to the case under consideration, it appears to me that this old copper, as soon as it was removed from the sides of the vessel and its place supplied with new, became the property of the mortgagors. Upon this conclusion, the master must have disposed of the 2000 additional pounds which he sold at Rio, as the property of the mortgagors, for $240; and he probably would have disposed of the remainder in the same way, if it had not been thought best to bring it here for a better market, which has proved the case.

No practical use has been shown or even suggested, to which this copper could be applied in the ordinary navigation or use of the vessel, and the effort, although it was suffered to remain on board until the mortgagee took possession, is no reason to conclude that [illegible] and to separate it [illegible] the vessel and appropriate it to the use of the mortgagee in exchange for the copper. I find that there was no such connection between the transaction which [illegible] and the mortgage as to make the copper necessarily subject to the lien of the mortgage, and that the mortgagee was not only entitled to the proceeds of the copper, but to the value of the new copper put on board in exchange for it. I find that the old copper was separated from the ship and withdrawn from the operation of the mortgage and was the property of the mortgagors.

The [illegible] arising from [illegible] of the copper, [illegible] the expenses of sale and the balance is thereby [illegible] therefore held subject to the decree, with the [illegible] of attachment, to keep subject to the exigencies of such writ.

W. B. Gilbert, for [illegible] Bellart.

John B. Waseland and John W. Whalley, for the claimant.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

San Francisco, May 5.—Stocks [illegible] on Call [illegible] Bonds [illegible] Quiet.

Grain Bills [illegible]

Bills [illegible] Entered 5% per cent.

New York, May 5. Silver bullion, [illegible]

[illegible] short, [illegible] good commercial, [illegible]

[illegible] due per the [illegible]

[illegible] Bonds [illegible]

Money and Stocks.

New York, May 5. Silver [illegible]

The wheat market has been [illegible] week and [illegible] Local [illegible] within a [illegible] Shippers [illegible] wheat already engaged, and [illegible] have not been eager to buy in the face of a declining foreign market. Business in England has been dull at a slight [illegible] imported wheat [illegible] prices.

No chartered tonnage has been reported for a week, the nominal rate is about 21 shillings, though vessels [illegible] shippers in small more.

The situation in wool is unchanged since our last report. Receipts from Eastern Oregon are light as yet, and not much movement is expected until the first of June. Prices are about the same as last reported, [illegible] for Eastern Oregon and [illegible] for Willamette valley. Dealers in San Francisco report a normal movement in California wools, and sales for the past week have been [illegible]. Rains in Eastern Oregon have during ten days past [illegible] forced wool shearing to a considerable extent, and not as much remaining to [illegible] as would otherwise have been received.

The Marion King will load salmon at Astoria for Rodgers, Meyer & Co. She will not come up to Portland.

The Explorer will load wheat for Rodgers, Meyer & Co. Her charter rate is 42 shillings, with not less [illegible] days.

Home Produce Market.

There is a fair demand for flour owing to consumption by canneries. Stocks of flour are very large. Oats are in good local demand. Offerings are liberal, but not to the extent of demoralizing the market. Prices at San Francisco are lower. Hay is in good demand. Well baled timothy is wanted. Shippers should bale their hay tighter as much is lost through loose and careless baling. Mill feed is dull and lower. Pasturage is now everywhere good. Oregon butter is coming in in large lots, and in consequence local dealers are able to sell almost at San Francisco rates. Receipts from California are decreasing, and will cease altogether before the close of the current month. Receipts of eggs during the past week have been quite large and stocks are accumulating. A decline may be expected. The demand for Oregon shoulders and hams is good. Bacon is plentiful and sales are slow. Good Oregon lard is very scarce and wanted. Dried fruit must go lower to move on the large surplus still remaining in the state. Stocks on hand in the city are large. Dried fruit is really cheaper in California than here. There is no change to note in hides. Receipts are small and business is light. Green apples are low at owing to bad quality of fruit on hand. Honey is in moderate demand. The receipts of chickens during the past week were so large that they caused quite a decline; we look for a rise very before long. Potatoes are in liberal supply and sales are slow. Turnips and carrots are scarce and wanted. Onions are extremely high. Peas, beans and seeds are unchanged. Hops are quiet, some holders are badly caught. Shingles are in fair demand.

FLOUR—Quotations [illegible] and $5 7 [illegible] for [illegible] brands.

OATS—[illegible]

BARLEY—Feed [illegible]

CHEESE—Oal. [illegible]

APPLES—Per box, [illegible]

TIMOTHY SEED—[illegible]

TURKEYS—Per [illegible]

CHICKENS—[illegible]

SALMON—Columbia river, [illegible]

HOPS—Oregon, [illegible]

POTATOES—[illegible]

CEMENT—Rosendale, [illegible] Portland, [illegible]

SHINGLES—Per M, [illegible]

Meats.

The market is well supplied with fresh meats of every kind, Southern Oregon contributing the finest and fattest stock. Following are quotations:

BEEF—[illegible]

PORK—[illegible]

MUTTON—[illegible]

MARK LANE REPORT.

London, May 2.—The Mark Lane Express in its review of the grain trade for the past week says that more genial weather has had a beneficial effect. Wheat looks healthy, though still very backward. Supplies of English wheat have been somewhat more liberal. Prices have been nominally maintained at a few provincial markets, but in London and generally elsewhere the trade has been slow and drooping. Buyers refused to do business in foreign breadstuffs except at a concession. The tendency has now become very great, and in view of the supply on spot and afloat it would appear that lower rates are imminent. Of 22 cargoes which arrived at ports of call in the past week only seven are reported sold, and forty more vessels are due for orders this week. Flour has been lower and in very liberal supply. Inferior flour assumed proportions which have completely revolutionized the French milling trade, and has been a real weight on the wheat trade. Maize has been easier. Barley is firmly held. Foreign scarce and six pence to a shilling dearer. Oats dull and unchanged. Sales of English wheat last week 20,214 qrs at 44s 2d against 23,565 qrs at 46s 9d for the corresponding week of last year.

Gold and Stock Reports.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

San Francisco, May 5.

Receipts—16,000 ctls wheat, 6000 qr sks flour, 275 ctls oats, 1,803 sks potatoes, 21,000 doz eggs.

Wheat—The market is firm with fair inquiry; receipts to-day materially affected by increased tonnage. Among engagements-to-day were the following: 120 tons good shipping $1 35; 125 tons inferior $1 32½ to $1 35; 125 tons inferior $1 30@$1 32½; 85 tons choice and extra choice milling $1 42½. We quote market same as before.

Barley—The market shows no feature of striking interest; sales of feed at [illegible]

Oats—The market is steady and quiet; offerings liberal; demand light.

Oranges—Mixed lots; market is weak and prices favor buyers; supplies very large; quote at $1@2.

Lemons—California; the market is easy at $1 50@2 50.

Salmon—Columbia river; market quiet but firm; quote $1 25@1 50.

Hams—Eastern, [illegible]; choice and fancy, market is firm in sympathy with the east; quote [illegible]

Lard—Eastern, [illegible]; market is firm at an advance; [illegible]; [illegible]; California [illegible]

Provisions—The market is firm; we quote the same as before.

Eggs—Market is quiet with prices in sellers' favor; [illegible] fresh California uncandled; [illegible]

Butter—Market not quite so firm but we do not [illegible]

New York Markets.

New York, May 5.

Wheat—Steady, $1 20@1 25.

Flour—Steady.

Barley—Dull and nominal.

Wool—Dull.

Chicago Markets.

Chicago, May 5.

Wheat—$1 [illegible] June.

Pork—$17 50 June.

Lard—$11 [illegible] June.

Ribs—$8 45 June.

Short Ribs—$8 10.

Shipping Intelligence.

[By Telegraph.]

Astoria, May 5. The Bark Wellesley arrived at Kuapitan at 1 P. M. The Norman King arrived at 2 P. M. The Explorer, in tow of the Cooke, left for Portland at 2 P. M.

Port Gamble, May 3.—Arrived—Brig Annie Smith, [illegible], San Francisco, Dec. 30th; Br bark Oakhurst, San Francisco, Jan. 1st. May 4—Br ship G. S. Templeton, San Francisco, Dec. 6th; Br sh Hannibal, San Francisco, Dec. 23rd; H bk Commander, San Francisco, [illegible]; Am bk Sea Queen, San Francisco, [illegible]; Am bk Sea Queen, San Francisco, [illegible]; Am bk Sea Queen